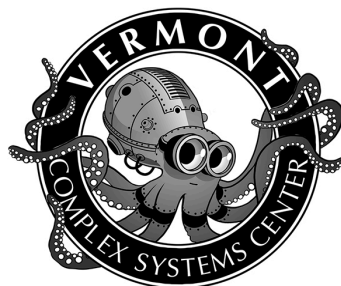
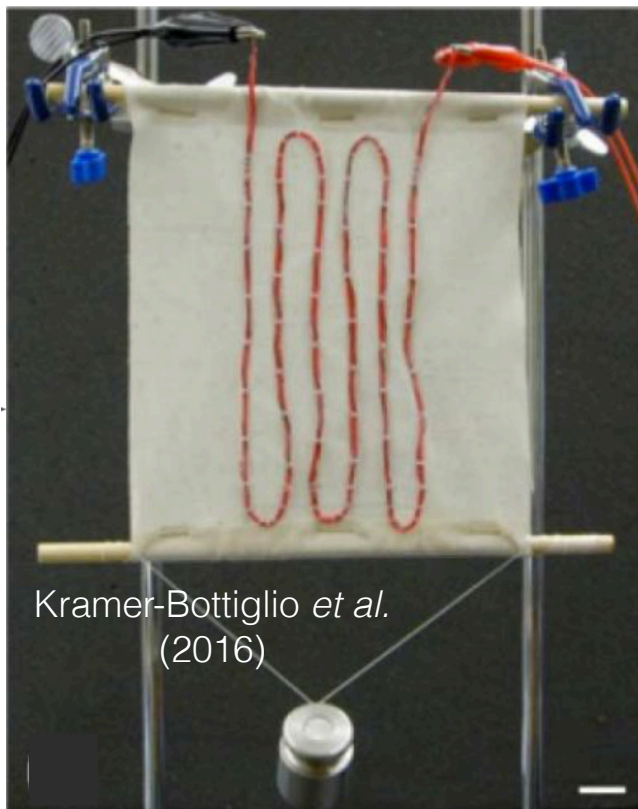


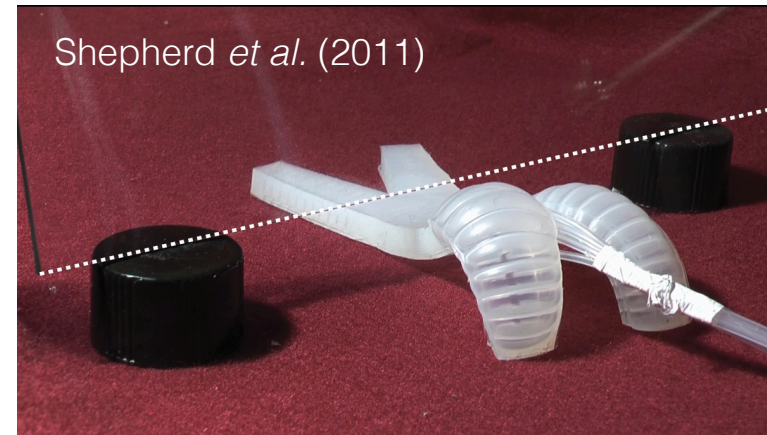
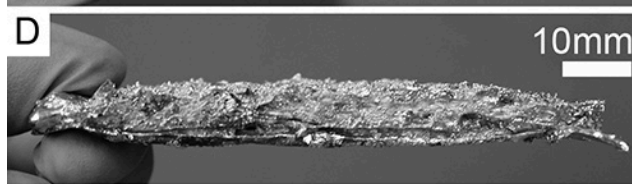
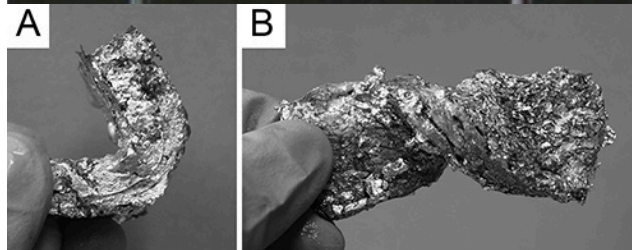
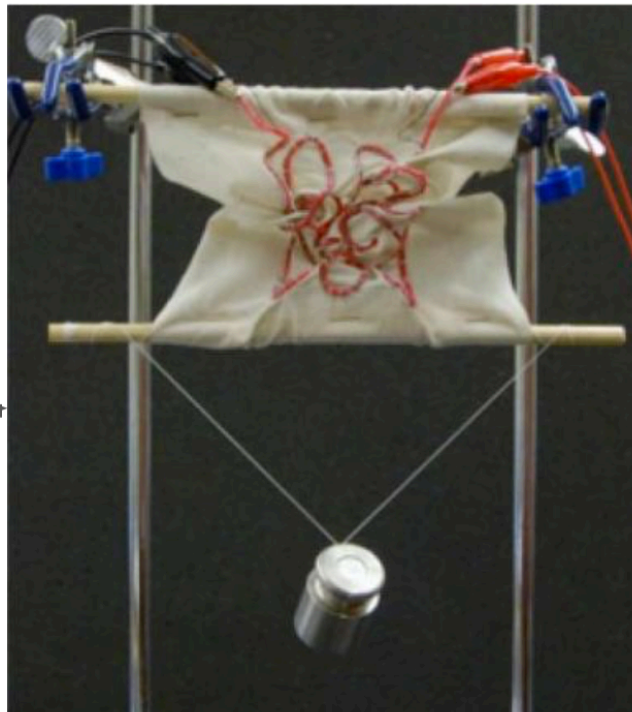
Soft robots that evolve and develop.

Josh Bongard
Morphology, Evolution & Cognition Laboratory
Vermont Complex Systems Center
University of Vermont

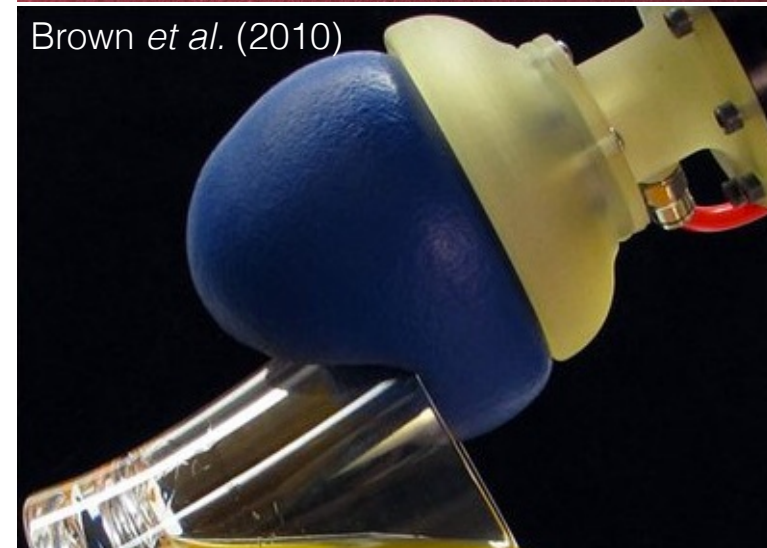




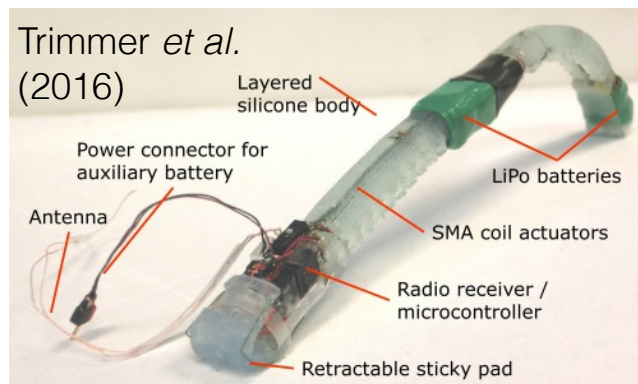
Kramer-Bottiglio *et al.*
(2016)



Shepherd *et al.* (2011)



Brown *et al.* (2010)



Trimmer *et al.*
(2016)

Layered
silicone body

Power connector for
auxiliary battery

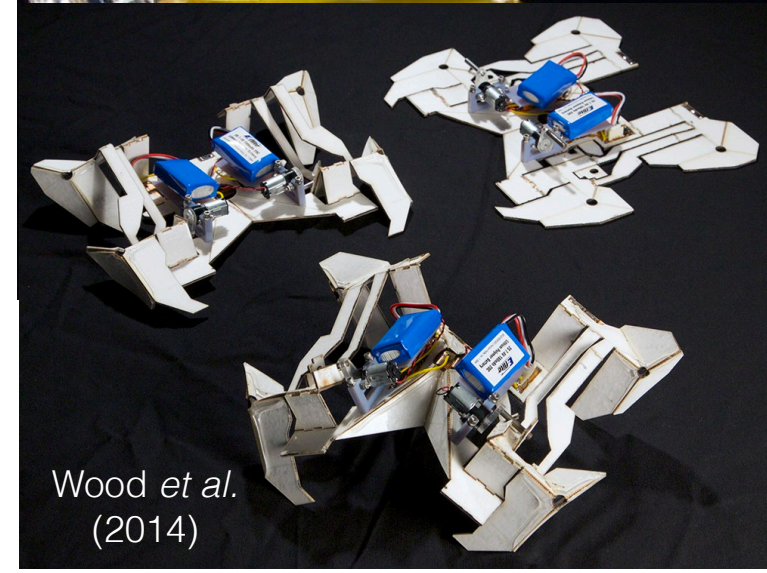
LiPo batteries

SMA coil actuators

Radio receiver /
microcontroller

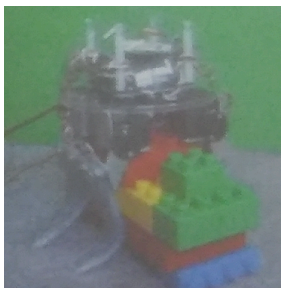
Retractable sticky pad

Shepherd *et al.*
(2016)

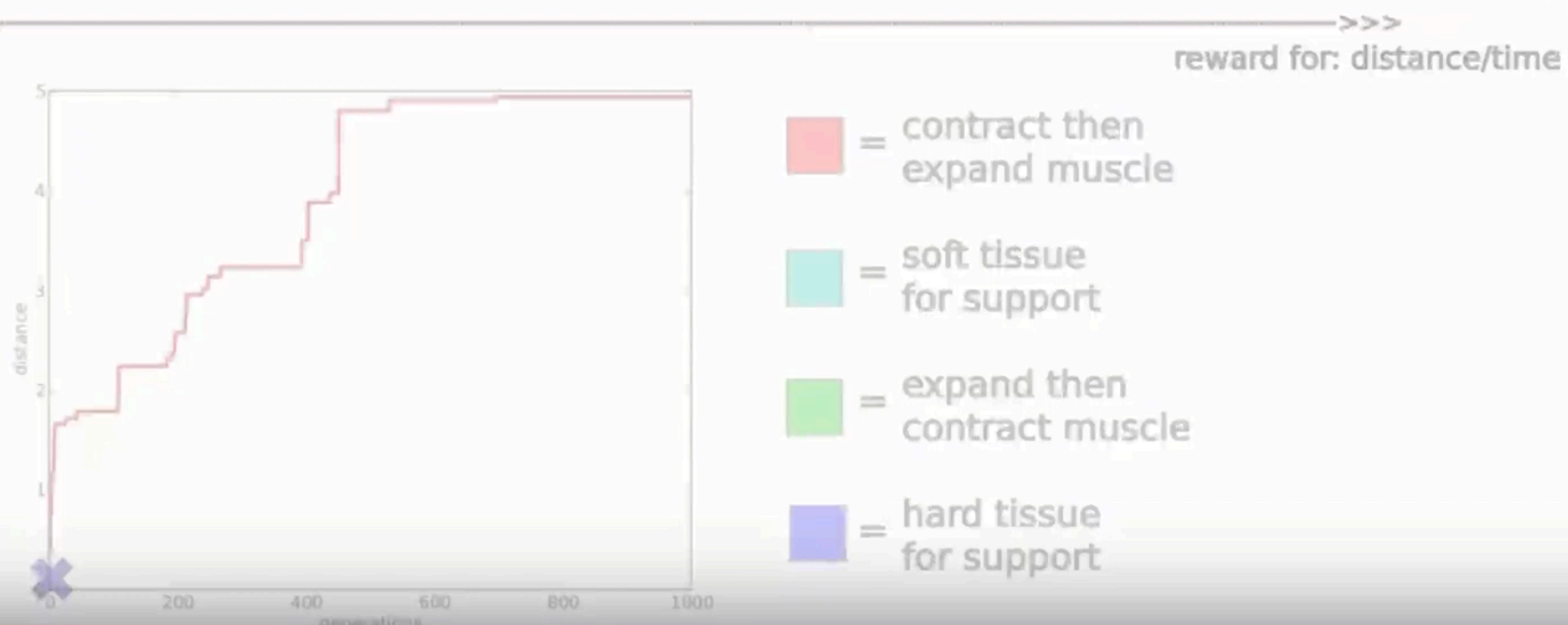


Wood *et al.*
(2014)

Inaba (2000)

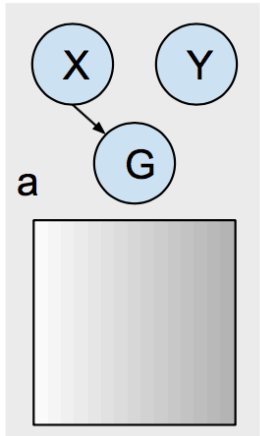


Unshackling Evolution: Evolving Soft Robots with Multiple Materials



1:08 / 3:25



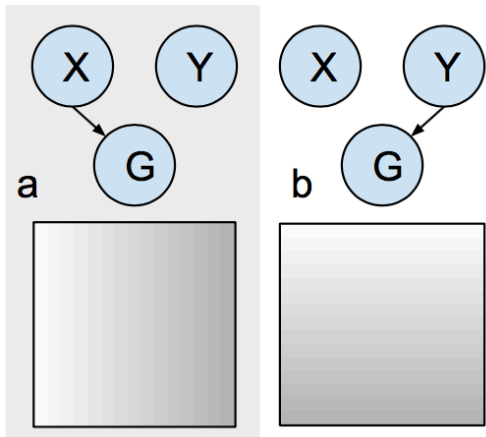


Stanley (2007).

Compositional pattern producing networks:

A novel abstraction of development.

Procs. of the GECCO Conf.

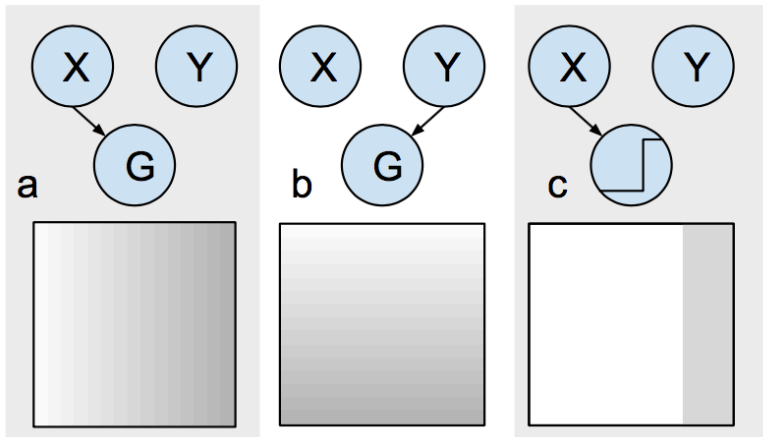


Stanley (2007).

Compositional pattern producing networks:

A novel abstraction of development.

Procs. of the GECCO Conf.

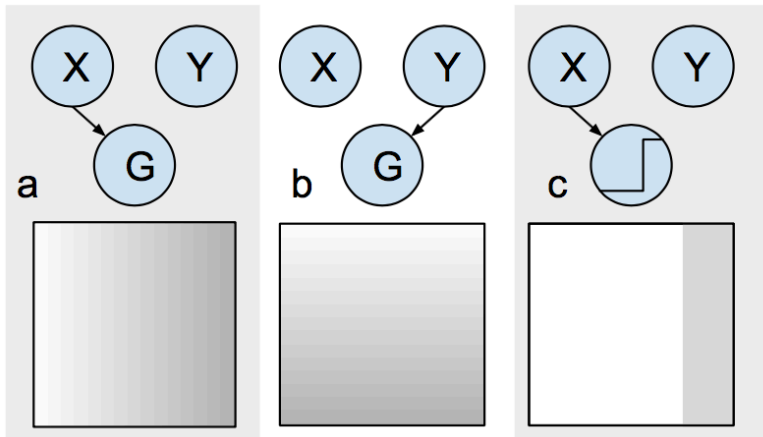


Stanley (2007).

Compositional pattern producing networks:

A novel abstraction of development.

Procs. of the GECCO Conf.

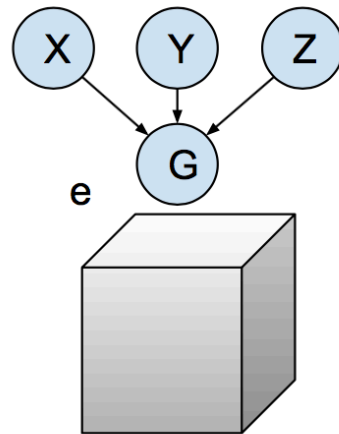


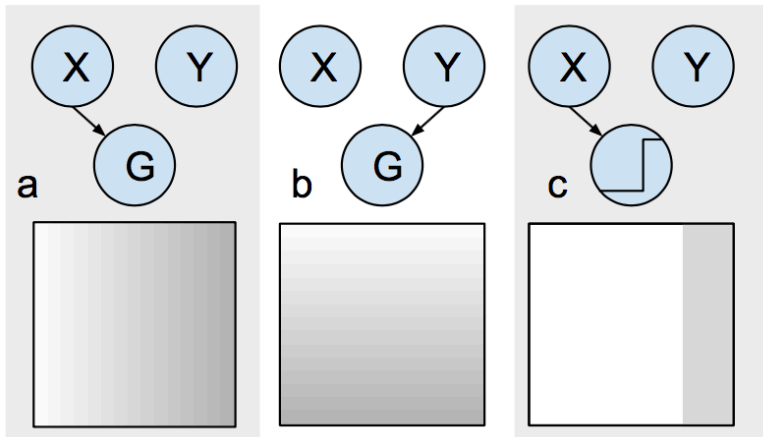
Stanley (2007).

Compositional pattern producing networks:

A novel abstraction of development.

Procs. of the GECCO Conf.



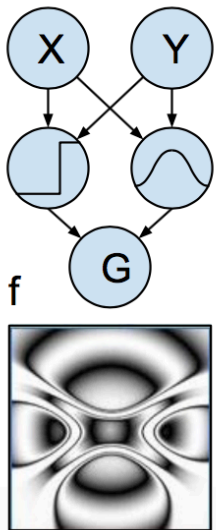
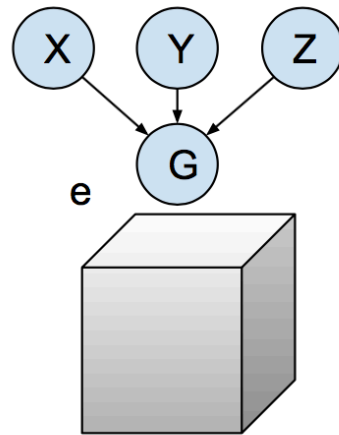


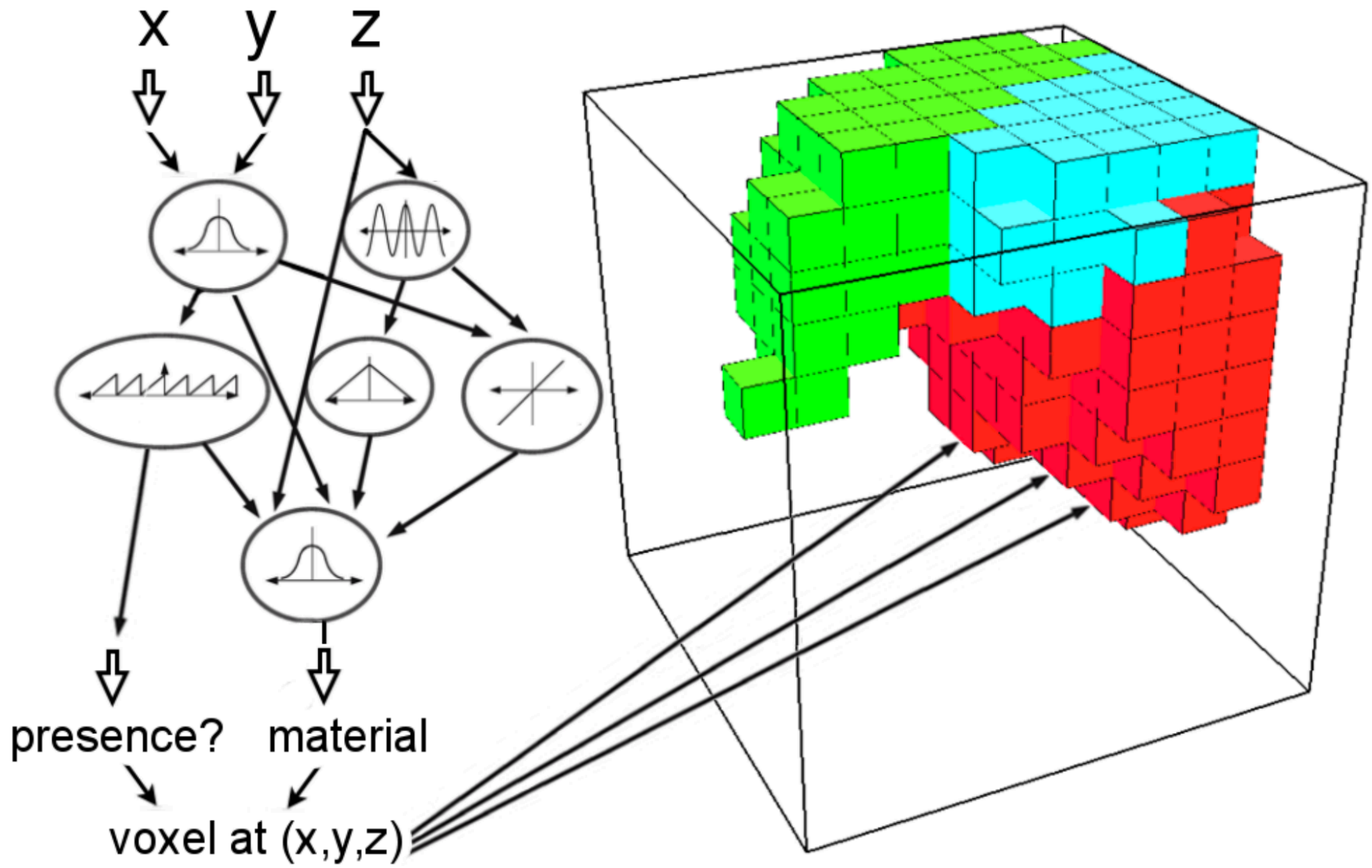
Stanley (2007).

Compositional pattern producing networks:

A novel abstraction of development.

Procs. of the GECCO Conf.

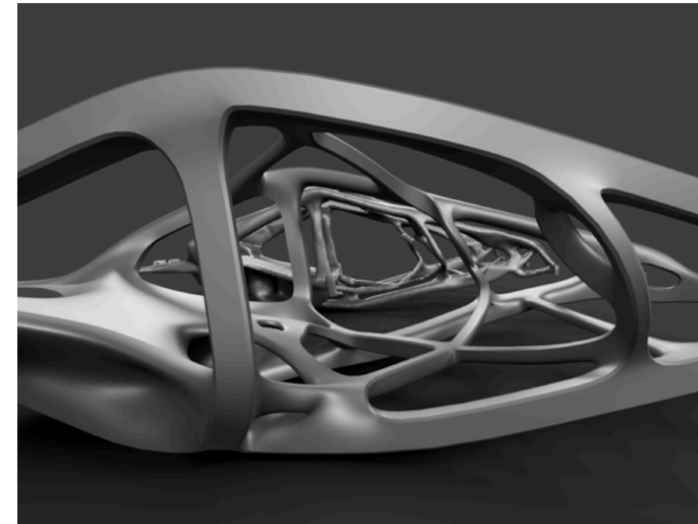






Project Dreamcatcher

What if a CAD system could generate thousands of design options that all meet your specified goals? It's no longer what if: it's Project Dreamcatcher, the next generation of CAD. Dreamcatcher is a generative design system that enables designers to craft a definition of their design problem through goals and constraints. This information is used to synthesize alternative design solutions that meet the objectives. Designers are able to explore trade-offs between many alternative approaches and select design solutions for manufacture.

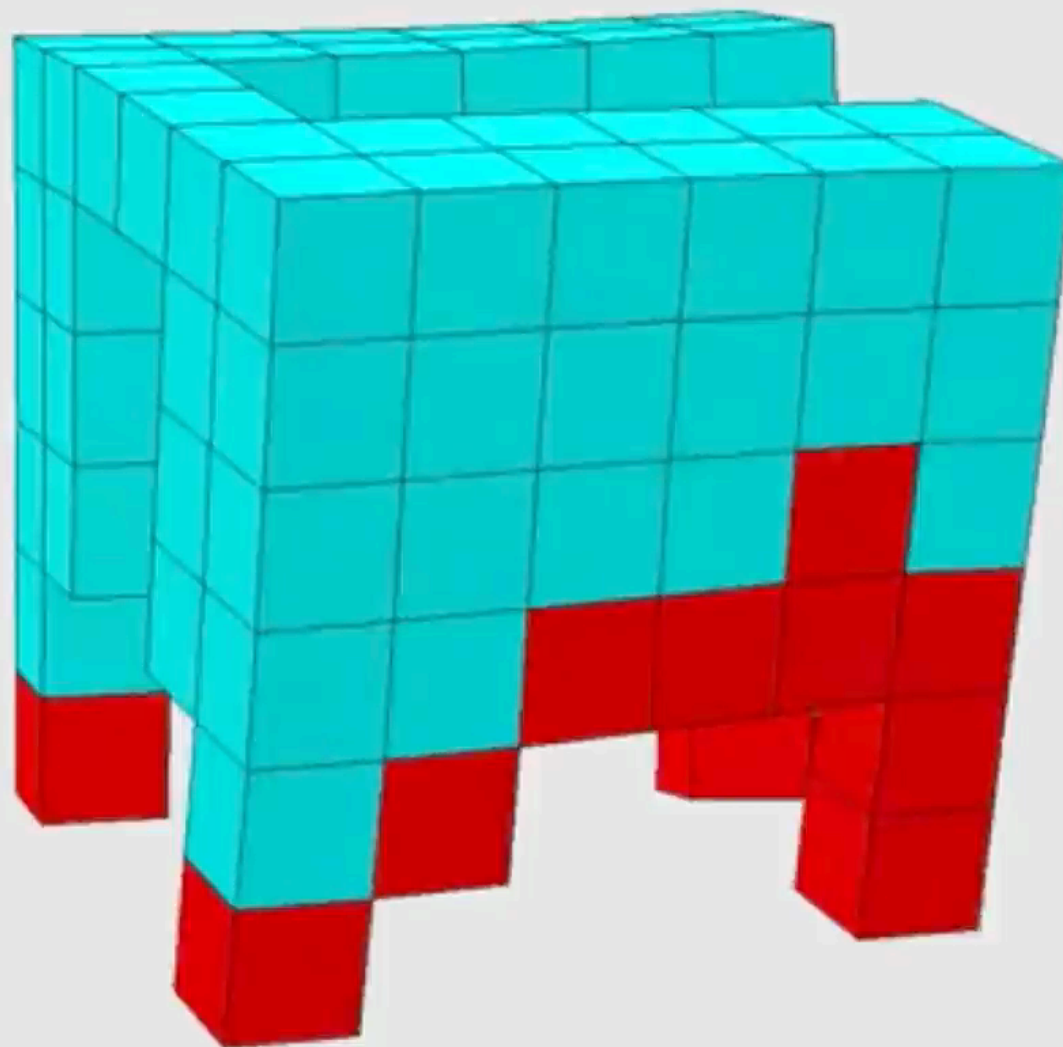


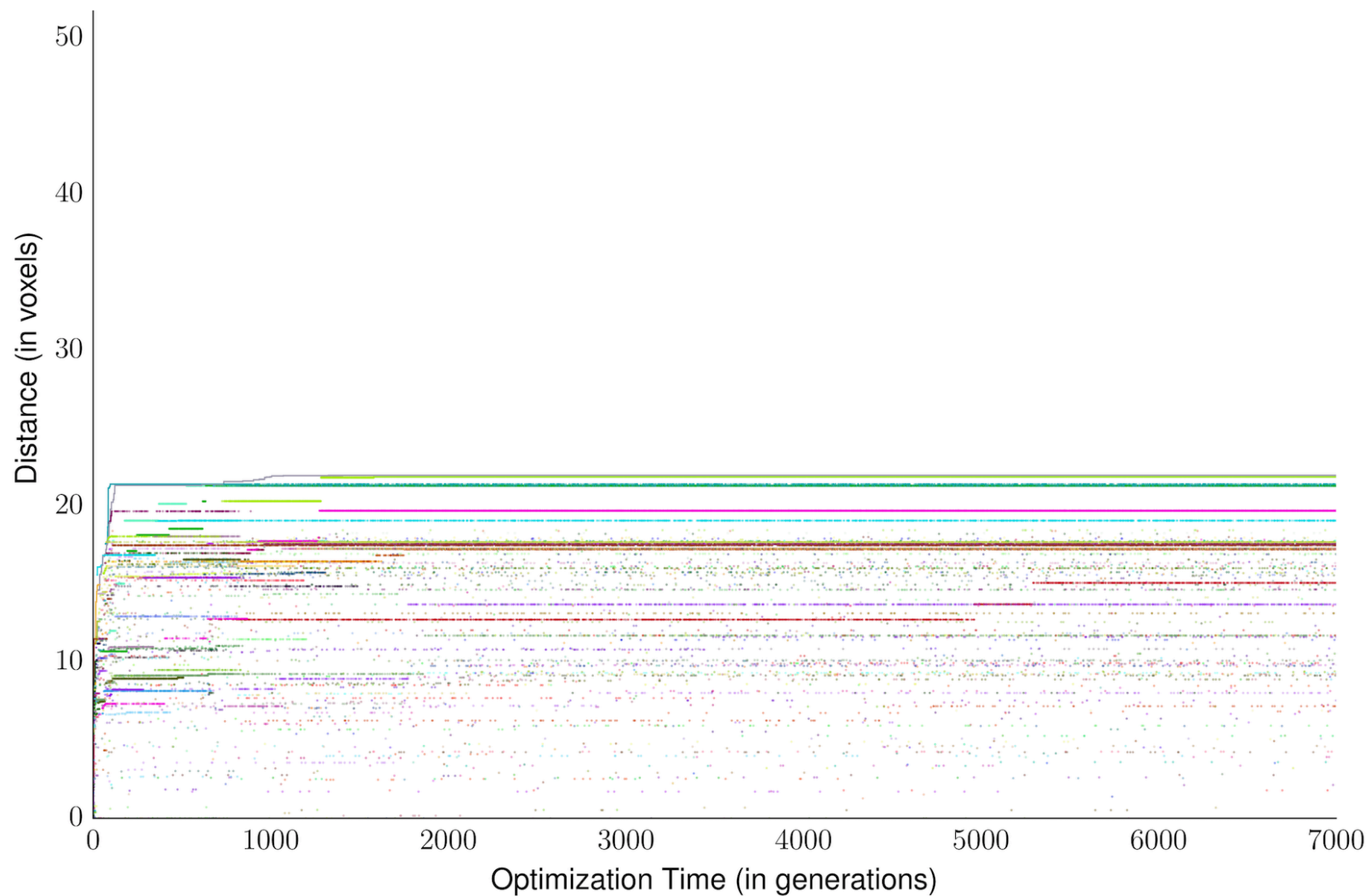
GROUPS

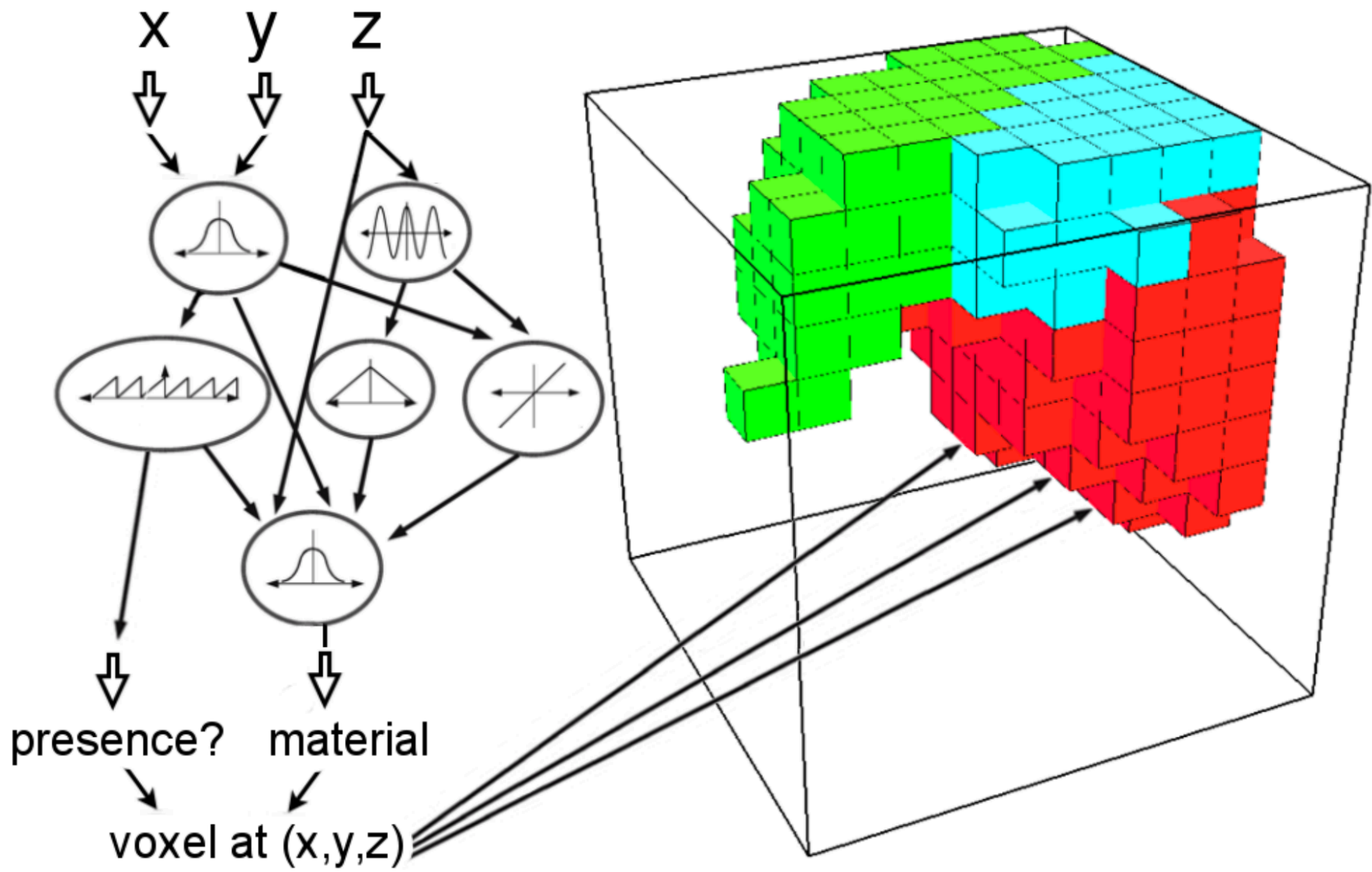
[Design Research](#), [Computational Science Research](#)

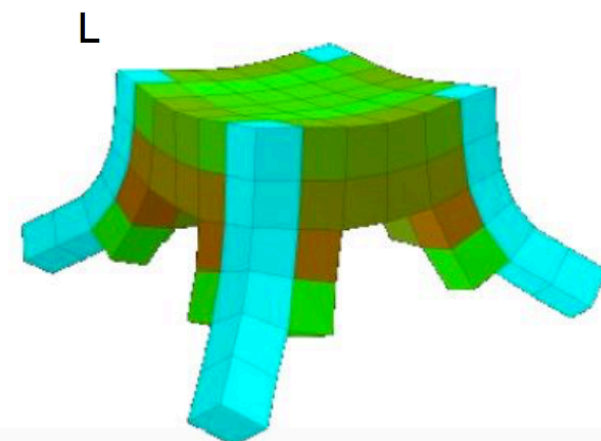
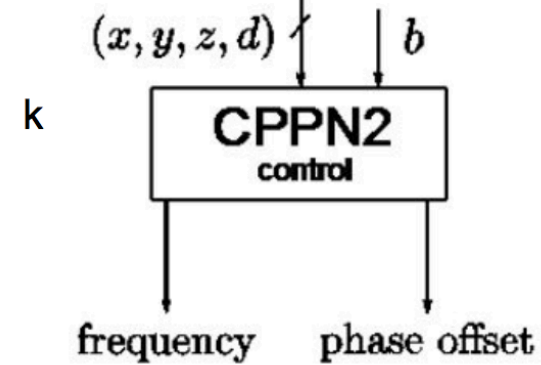
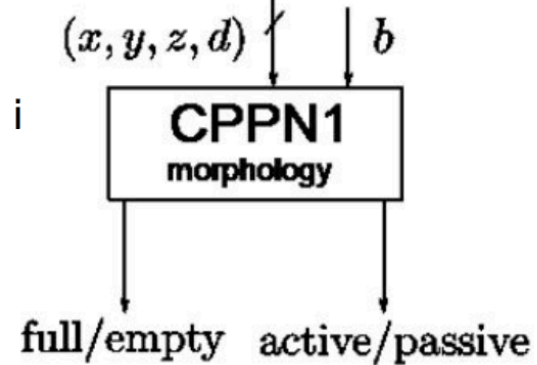
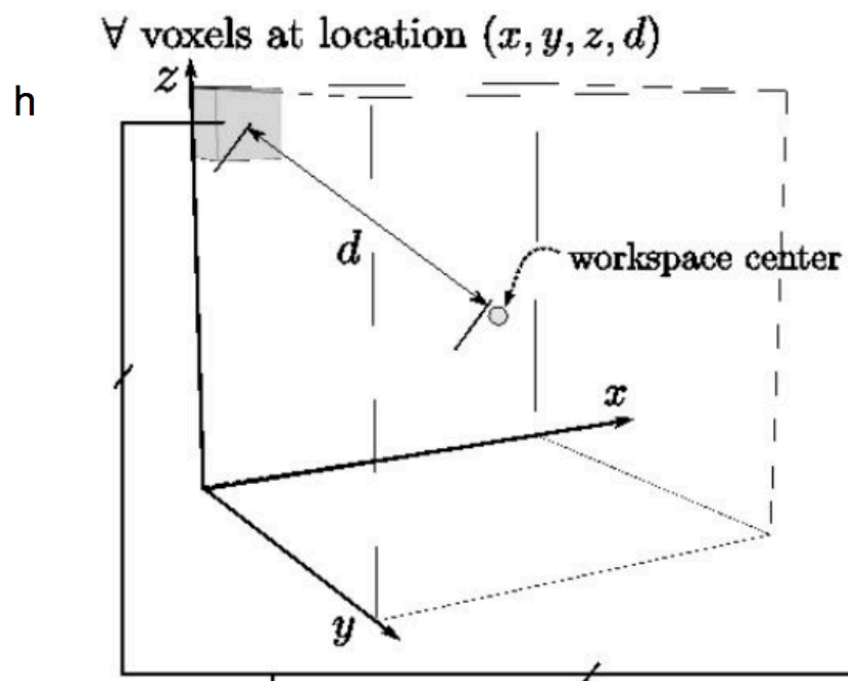
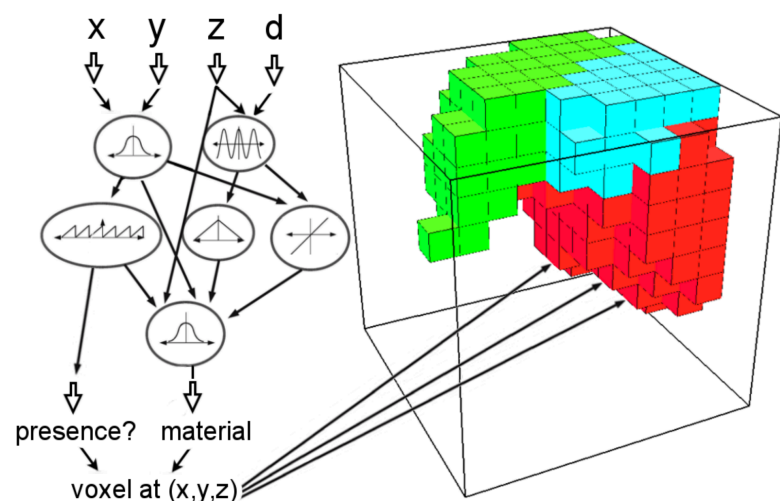


Corucci,
et al. (2017)
*Soft
Robotics.*
In review.



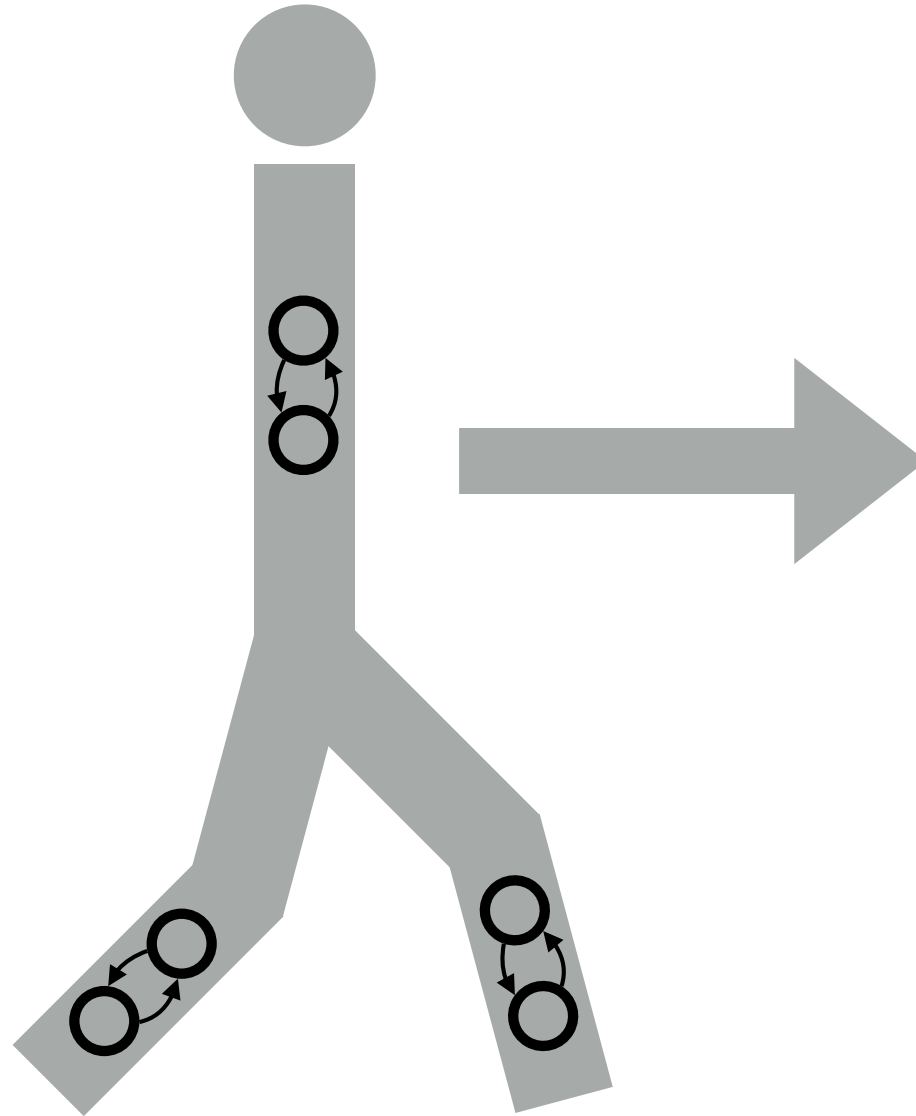






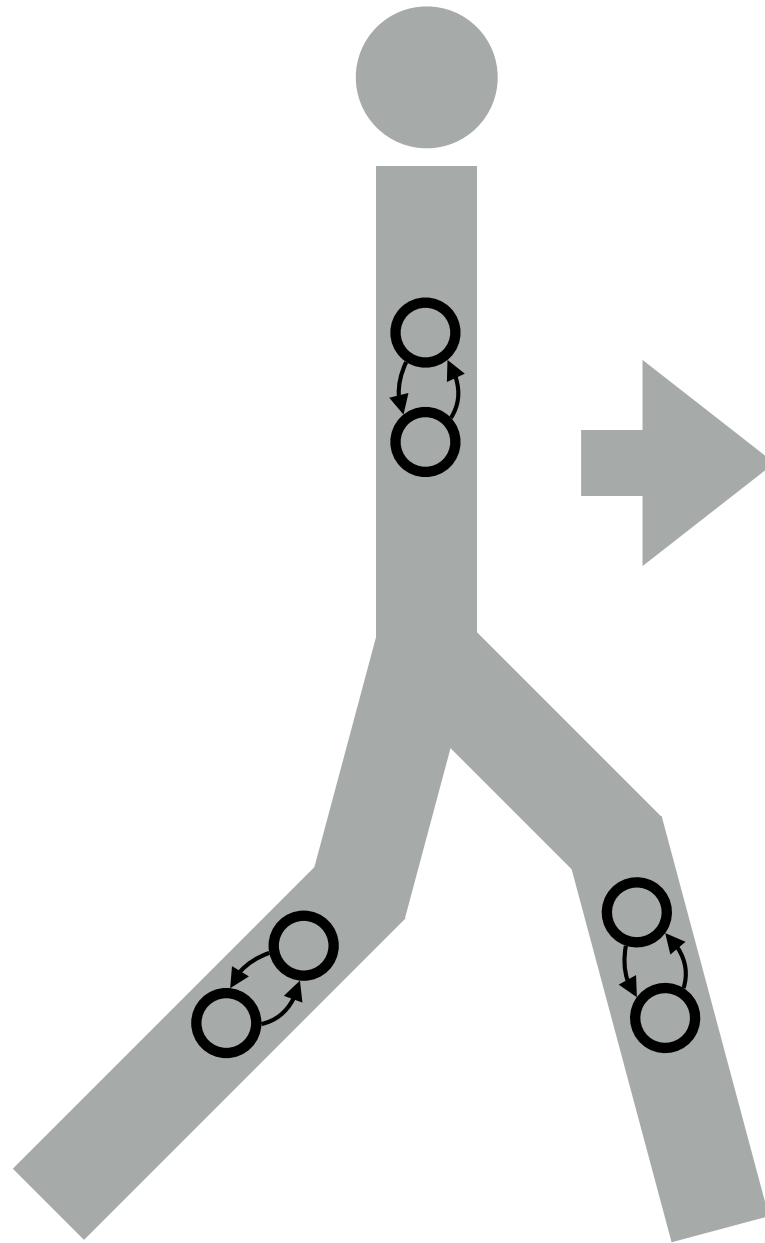
Protecting morphological innovations.

Cheney,
Bongard,
SunSpiral &
Lipson
(2017)
arXiv.



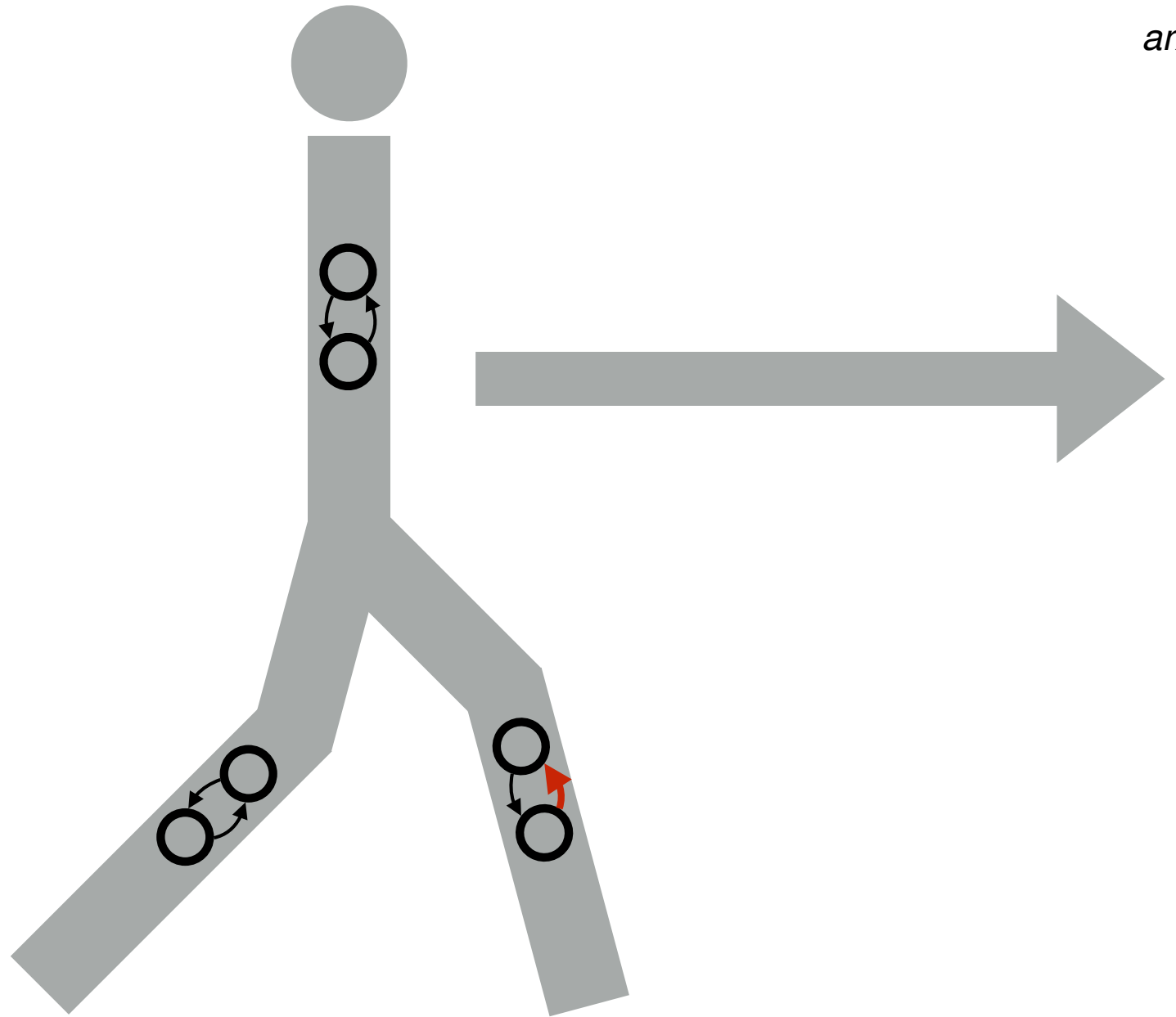
Protecting morphological innovations.

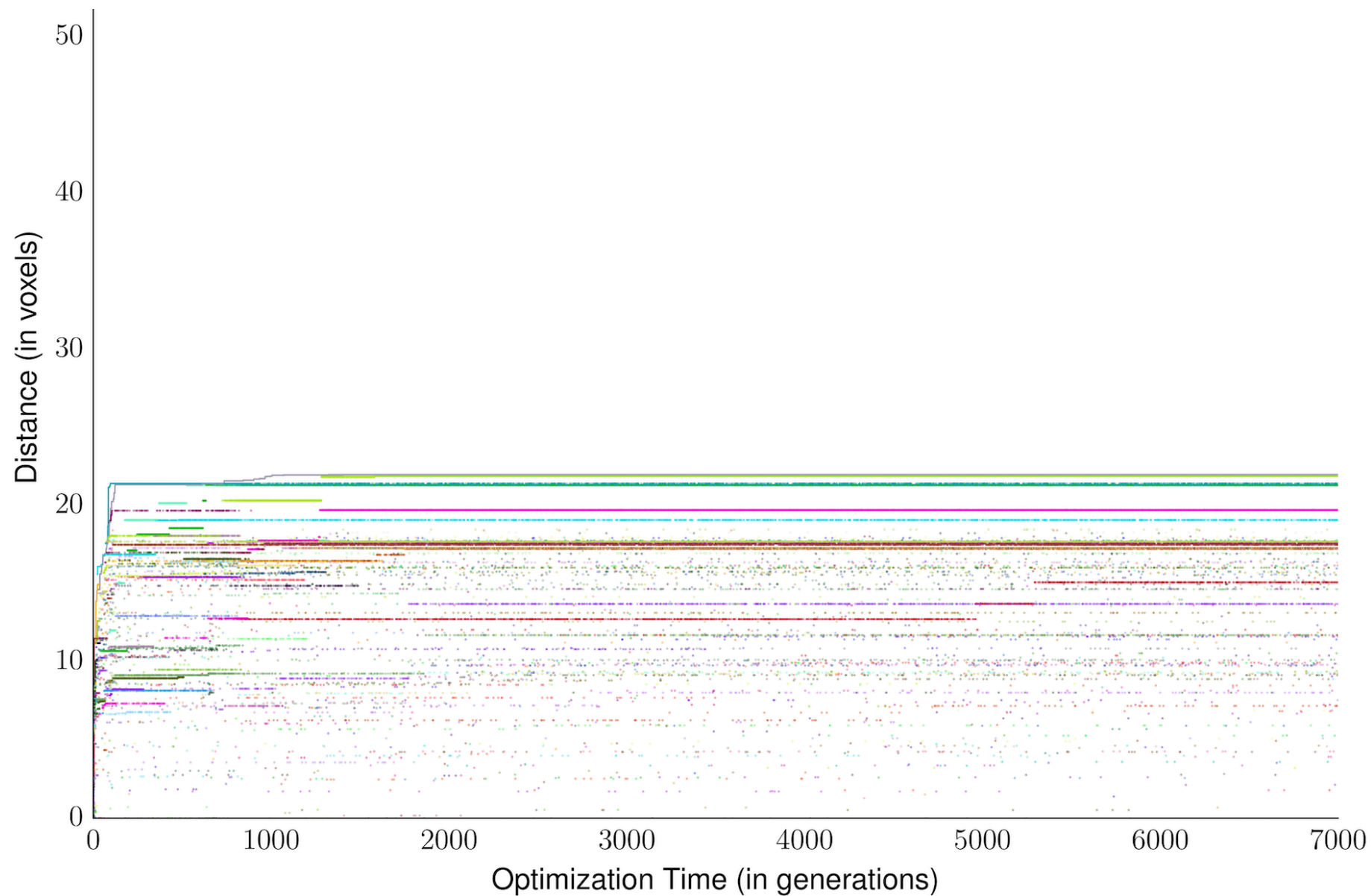
Cheney,
Bongard,
SunSpiral &
Lipson
(2017)
arXiv.

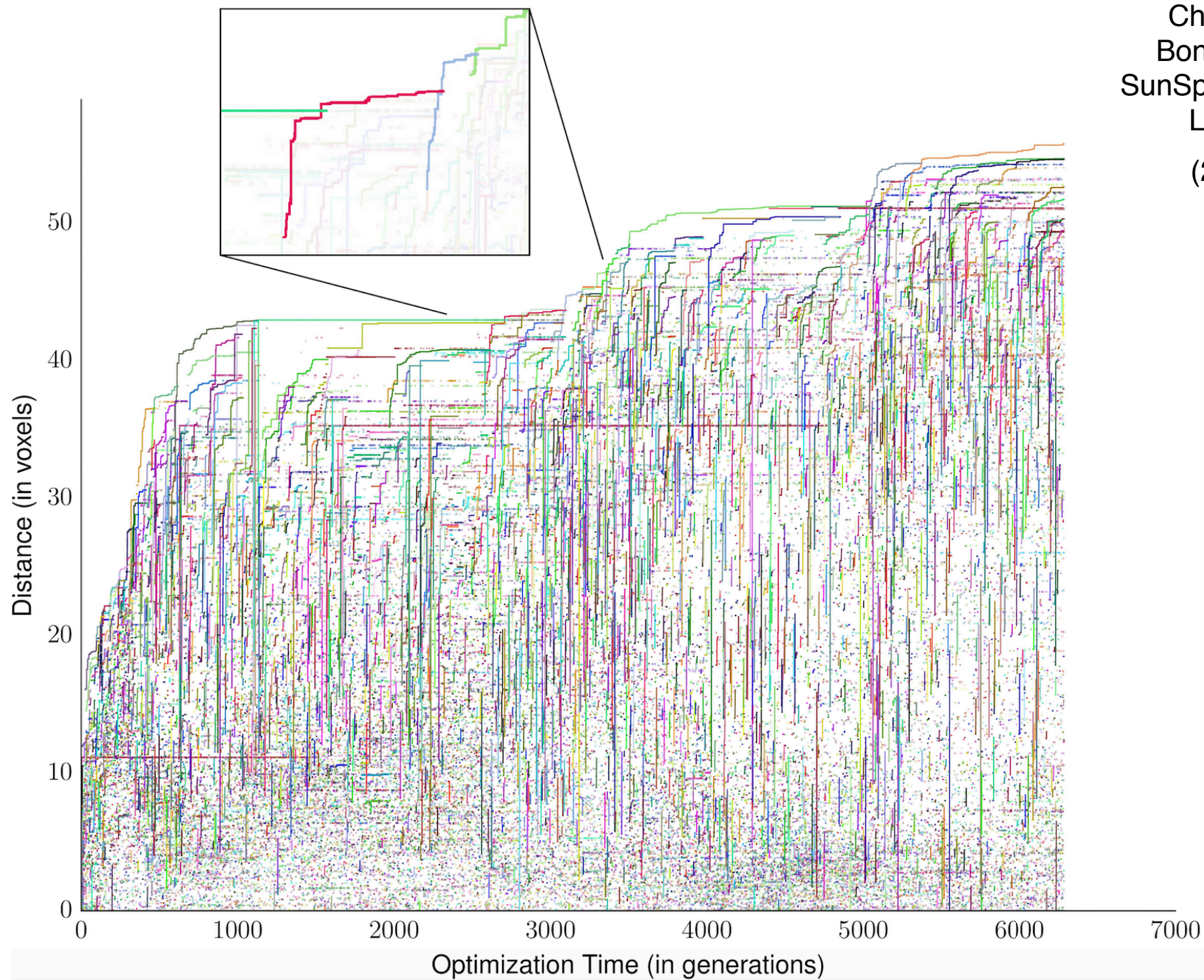


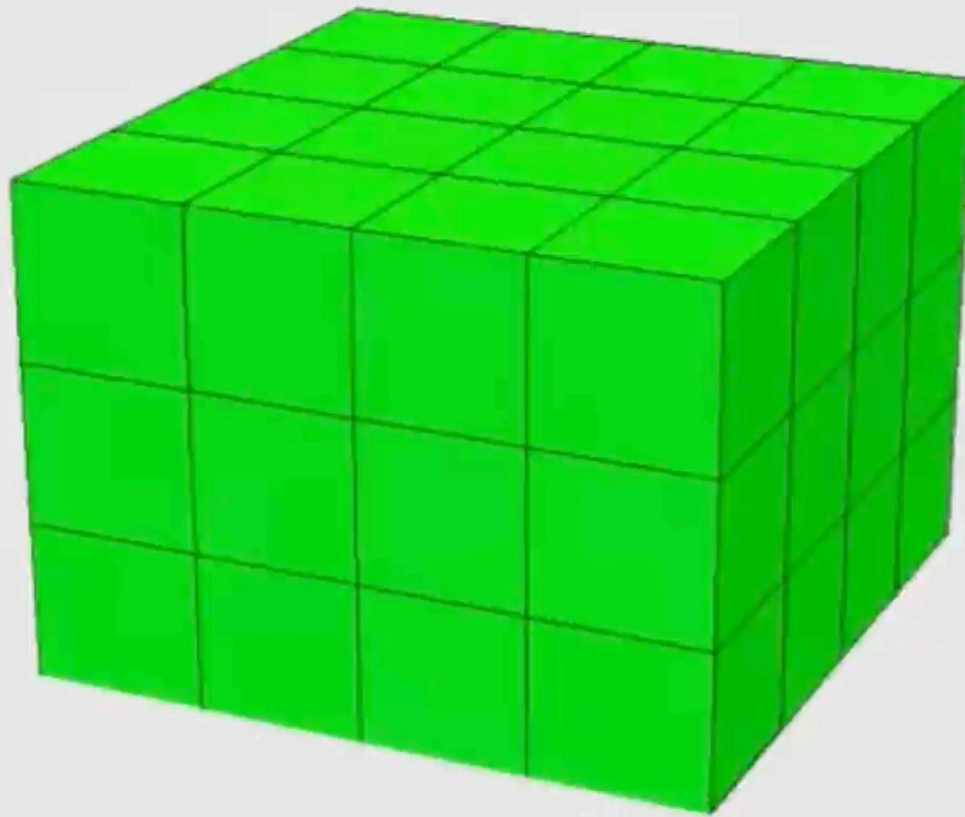
Protecting morphological innovations.

Cheney,
Bongard,
SunSpiral &
Lipson
(2017)
arXiv.

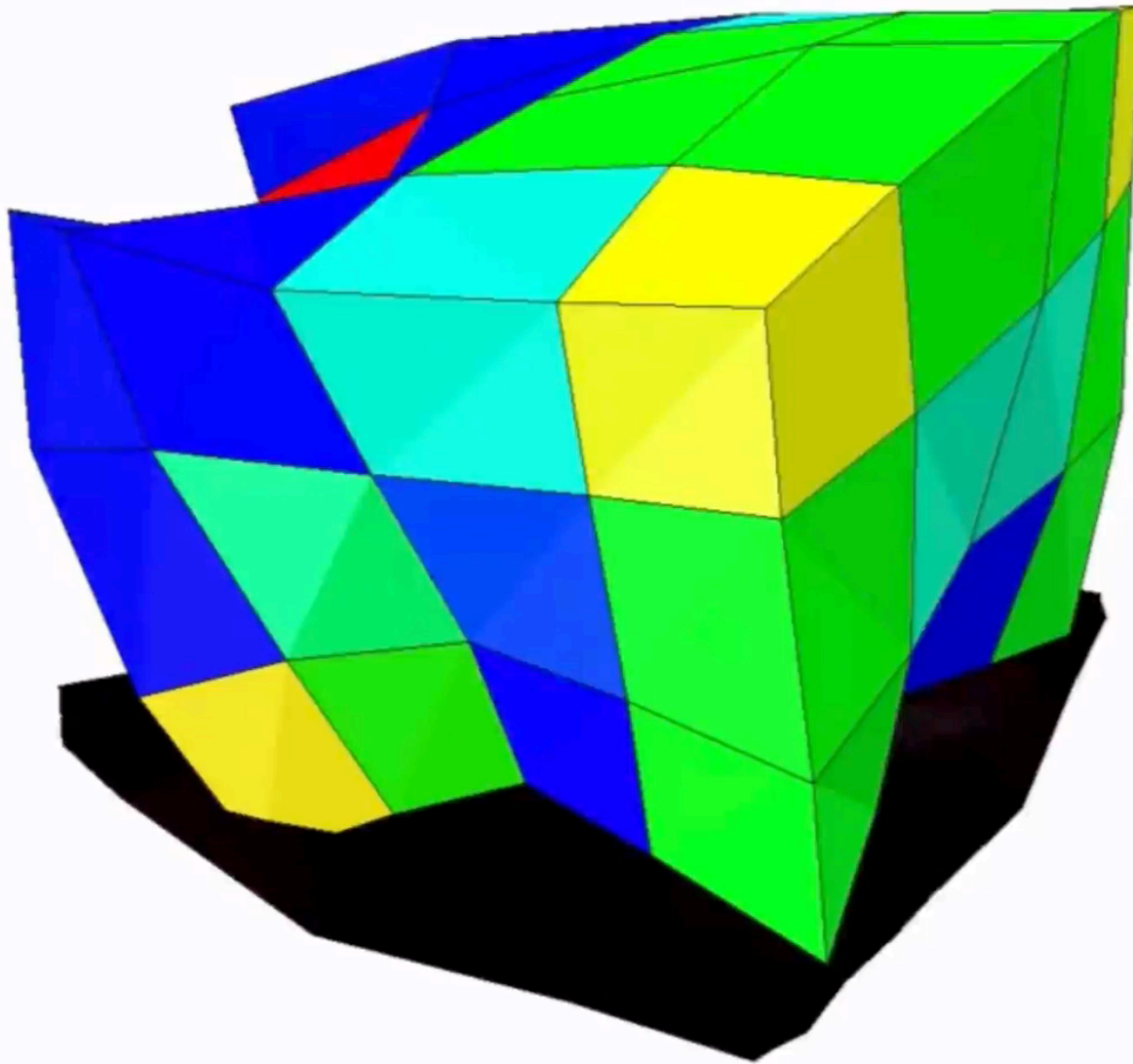




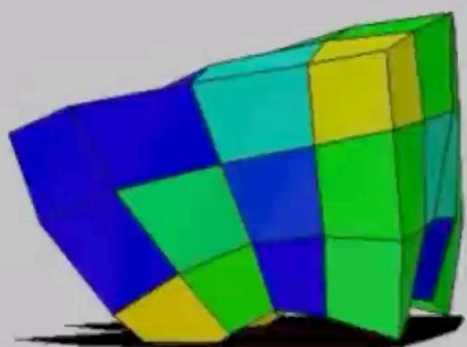


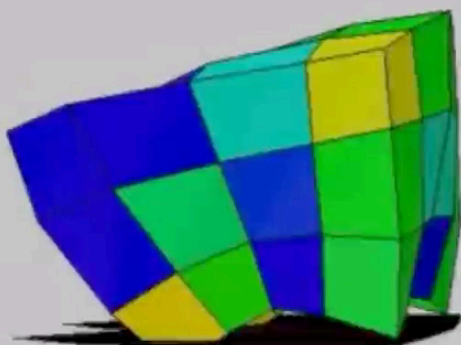
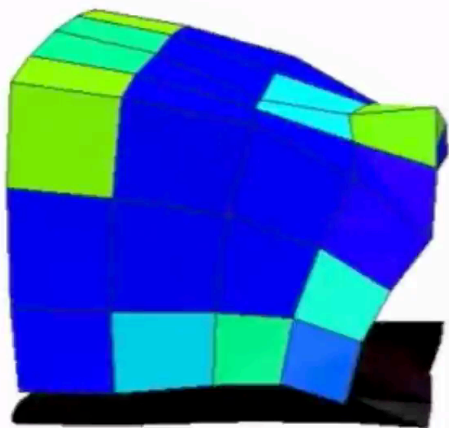


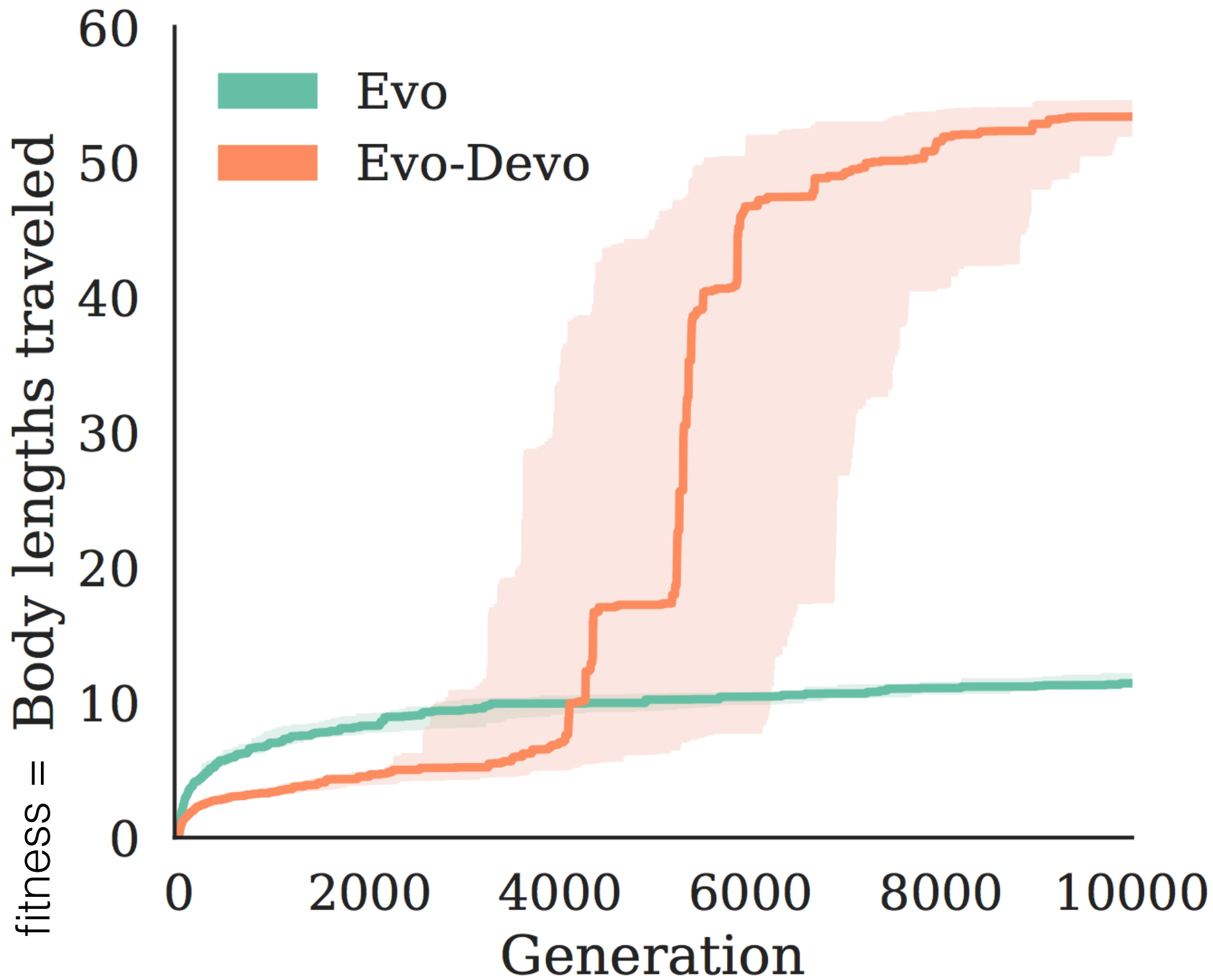
Kriegman et. al. 2017. A Minimal Developmental Model Can Increase Evolvability in Soft Robots.
In *Proceedings of GECCO '17*.



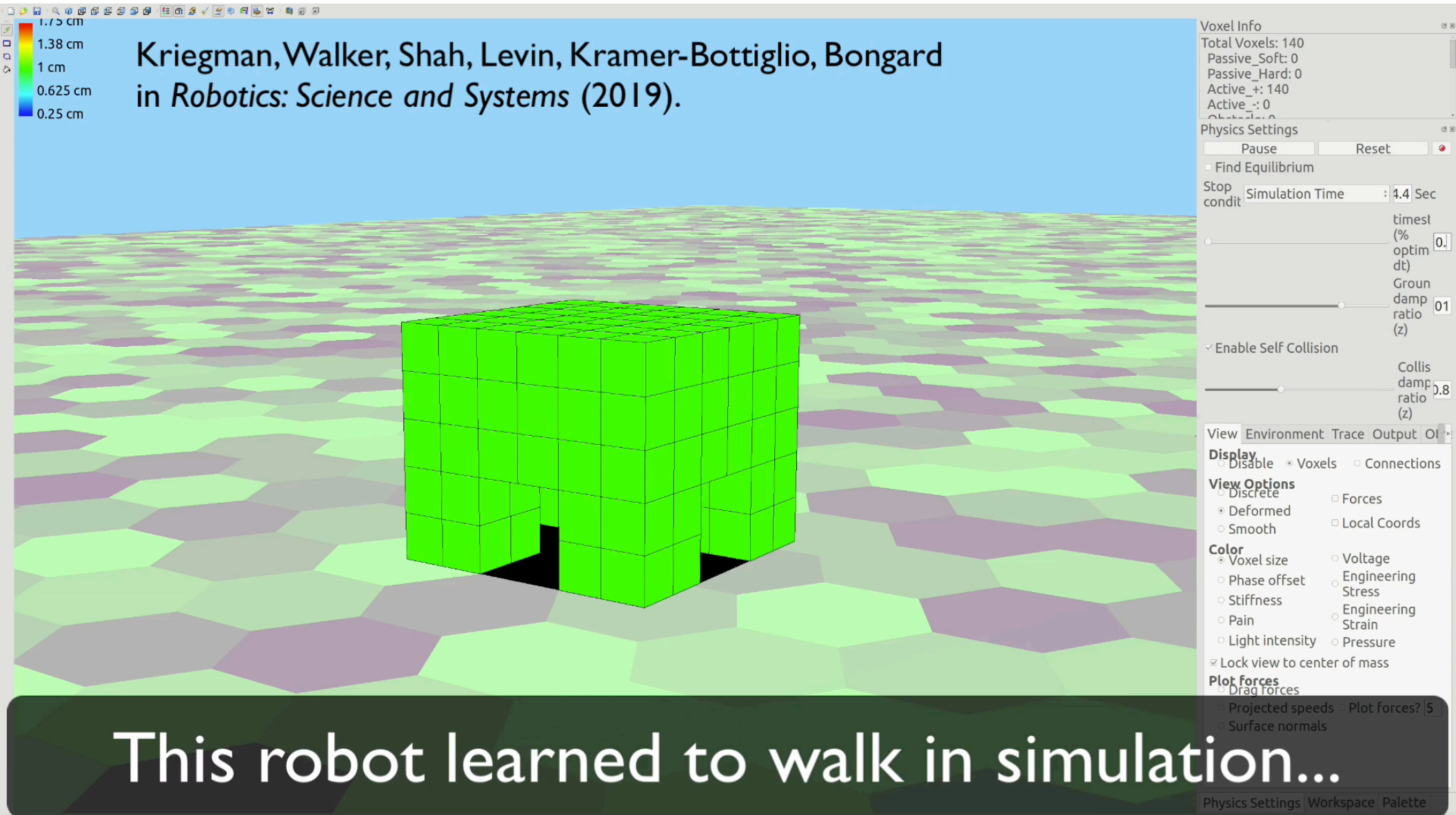
Kriegman et. al. 2017. A Minimal Developmental Model Can Increase Evolvability in Soft Robots.
In *Proceedings of GECCO '17*.







Kriegman, Walker, Shah, Levin, Kramer-Bottiglio, Bongard
in *Robotics: Science and Systems* (2019).



This robot learned to walk in simulation...

Automated design: Evolving soft robots. (“Evo SoRo”)

Cheney, MacCurdy, Clune, & Lipson. (2013). *Procs. of the GECCO Conference*.

Automated design: Evolving soft robots. (“Evo SoRo”)

Cheney, MacCurdy, Clune, & Lipson. (2013). *Procs. of the GECCO Conference*.

Evolving regular patterns in space: CPPNs

Stanley (2007). *Procs. of the GECCO Conf.*

Automated design: Evolving soft robots. (“Evo SoRo”)

Cheney, MacCurdy, Clune, & Lipson. (2013). *Procs. of the GECCO Conference*.

Evolving regular patterns in space: CPPNs

Stanley (2007). *Procs. of the GECCO Conf.*

Evolving morphology and control independently.

Cheney, Bongard, SunSpiral, Lipson (2017). *arXiv*.

Automated design: Evolving soft robots. (“Evo SoRo”)

Cheney, MacCurdy, Clune, & Lipson. (2013). *Procs. of the GECCO Conference*.

Evolving regular patterns in space: CPPNs

Stanley (2007). *Procs. of the GECCO Conf*.

Evolving morphology and control independently.

Cheney, Bongard, SunSpiral, Lipson (2017). *arXiv*.

Evolving regular patterns in time: Evolving soft robots that develop (“Evo Devo SoRo”).

Kriegman *et al.* (2017). *Procs of the GECCO Conference*.

Automated design: Evolving soft robots. (“Evo SoRo”)

Cheney, MacCurdy, Clune, & Lipson. (2013). *Procs. of the GECCO Conference*.

Evolving regular patterns in space: CPPNs

Stanley (2007). *Procs. of the GECCO Conf*.

Evolving morphology and control independently.

Cheney, Bongard, SunSpiral, Lipson (2017). *arXiv*.

Evolving regular patterns in time: Evolving soft robots that develop (“Evo Devo SoRo”).

Kriegman *et al.* (2017). *Procs of the GECCO Conference*.

Robots that shapeshift to recover from damage.

Kriegman *et al.* (2019). *Procs of Robotics: Science and Systems Conf*.

